

# Crafting a Strategic Framework to Increase Walkability in California

Wendy Alfsen, Executive Director Tony Dang, Deputy Director

Caltrans Active Transportation & Livable Communities Advisory Group May 21, 2015

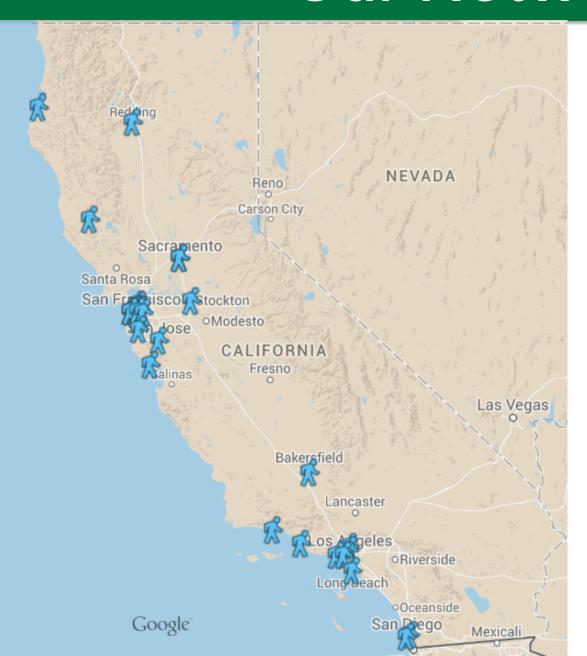


### Our Mission



California Walks is the statewide voice for pedestrian safety & healthy, walkable communities for people of all ages & abilities.

## Our Network

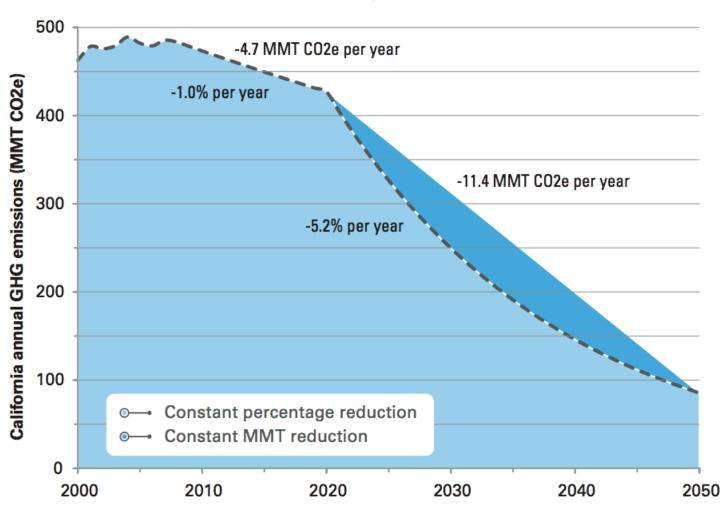


28 dedicated local walk advocacy groups & GROWING!

## Need for a Framework

### **State Climate Change Goals**

Pre-2020 and Post-2020 emissions trajectories



Source: California Air Resources Board, "First Update to the Climate Change Scoping Plan," May 2014

## **Development Process**

#### Summer 2014

Diverse Steering Committee Developed Draft Framework & Summit Agenda

#### Fall 2014

2-Day Action Planning Summit

#### **Winter 2015**

Framework adopted by Cal Walks Board

**Spring 2015 & Beyond** Endorsements & Implementation!

## Steering Committee

- Represented different parts of state
  - North Coast

Los Angeles Area

Central Coast

Central Valley

Bay Area

- Sacramento Area

- San Diego
- Different organizational emphasis areas
  - Walking

Social Equity

Biking

- Public Health

## **Action Planning Summit**



## **Action Planning Summit**

- Diverse Participants from:
  - North State
  - Central Coast
  - Bay Area
  - San Diego
  - State Agencies
  - AdvocacyOrganizations
  - Public Health

- SouthernCalifornia
- Central Valley
- Sacramento Area

- Health Care
- Private Sector
- Local ElectedOffice

## Framework Vision

### 2025 Vision

Walking in every California community is safe, convenient, & accessible, and transportation investments prioritize the creation of vibrant, healthy, equitable, sustainable, safe & walkable places with complete streets.

## Strategic Framework

#### **Mode Share Goals**

#### By 2020:

- a) Double number of trips taken on foot;
- b) Double number of walk to school trips; and
- c) Every Californian spends 30 minutes walking per day

#### **Investment Goals\***

#### By 2020:

- a) Triple funding of the Active Transportation Program;
- b) Increase investments in walking infrastructure;
- c) Increase investments in safety education & enforcement; and

#### 2025 Vision

Walking in every California community is safe, convenient, & accessible, and transportation investments prioritize the creation of vibrant, healthy, equitable, sustainable, safe & walkable places with complete streets.

d) Increase regional transportation investments in walking infrastructure & programs.

#### **Safety Goals**

#### By 2016:

- a) California adopts Vision Zero policy to eliminate all traffic fatalities within 10 years;
- b) California establishes State Vision Zero Task Force;

#### By 2020:

- c) At least 10 communities adopt local Vision Zero policies to eliminate all traffic fatalities within 10 years;
- d) Update design & enforcement standards to establish speeds safe for people walking; and
- e) Incorporate mobility education throughout California's school curriculum.

#### **Equity Goals**

#### By 2020:

- a) Invest at least 50% of each Active Transportation Program cycle in disadvantaged communities;
- b) Reduce pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries in low-income communities and communities of color by 50%;
- c) Reduce child and senior pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries by 50%; and
- d) Retain diversity of communities as they become more walkable.

\*Investment goals to equal, at a minimum, pedestrian fatality and serious injury rates and/or mode share

## Strategic Framework

#### **Endorsements To Date:**

- 8-80 Cities
- California Alliance for Retired Americans
- California Public Health
   Association-North
- California Walks
- Circulate San Diego
- City of Rancho Cordova
- Crenshaw Walks

- Humboldt Partnership for Active Living
- Los Angeles Walks
- Pathways to Right-of-Ways
- SF Bay Walks
- Shasta Living Streets
- Walk San Francisco

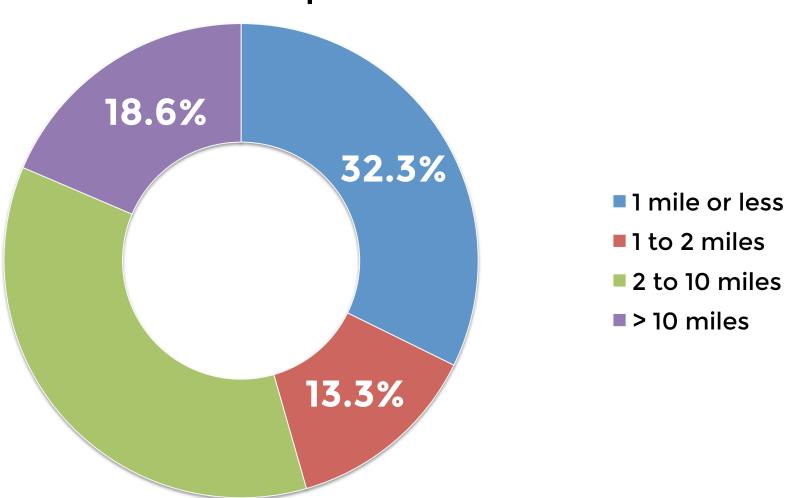
### **Mode Share**

### By 2020:

- a) Double number of trips taken on foot;
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### Potential for Mode Shift

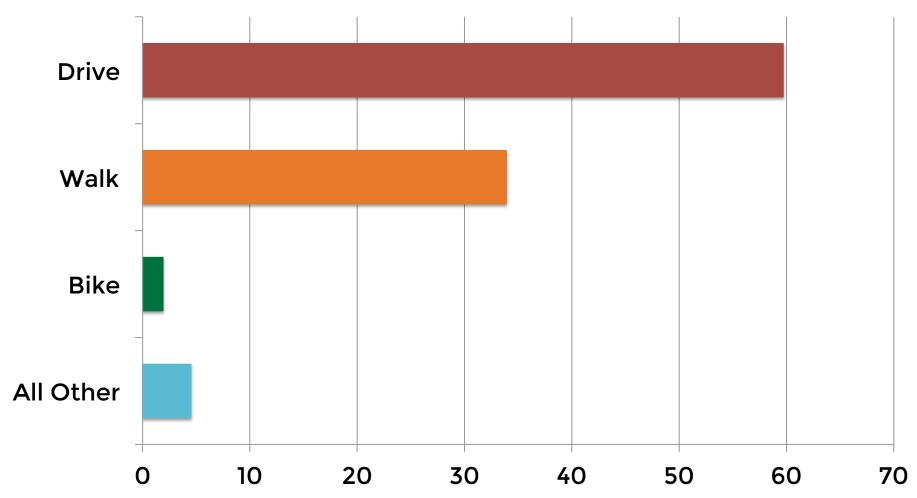




Source: California Add-On to 2009 National Household Travel Survey, "California Statewide Person Trip-length Frequency," Analysis by Nancy McGuckin

### Potential for Mode Shift





Source: Nancy McGuckin, "Walking and Biking in California: Analysis of the CA-NHTS," August 2012. Prepared for the California Department of Transportation.

## Californians More Active!

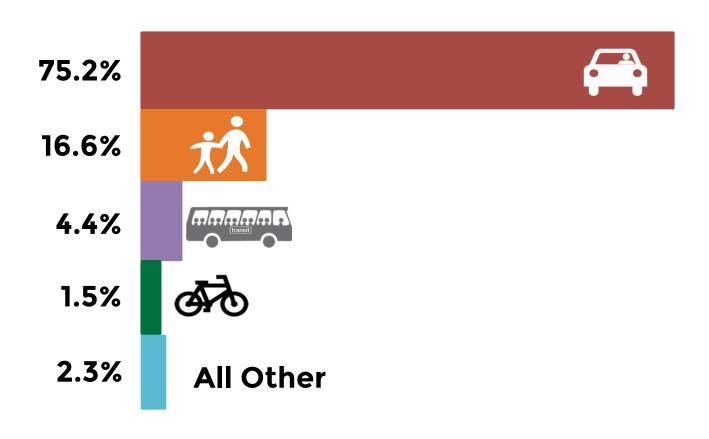
#### 2000 Mode Share



Source: Caltrans, 2010-2012 California Household Travel Survey, 2013.

### Californians More Active!

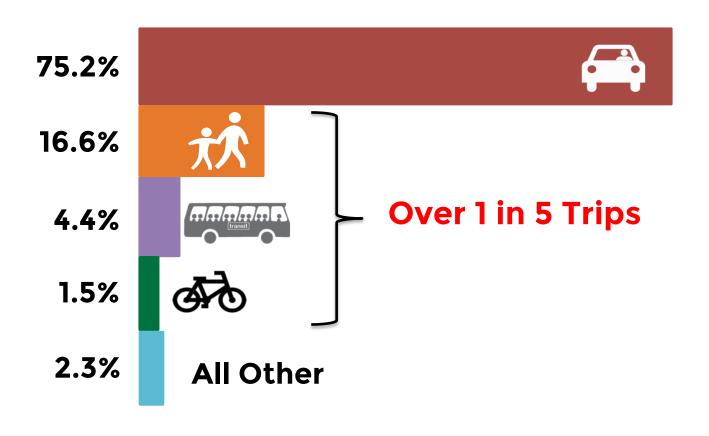
#### 2010-12 Mode Share



Source: Caltrans, 2010-2012 California Household Travel Survey, 2013.

### Californians More Active!

#### 2010-12 Mode Share



Source: Caltrans, 2010-2012 California Household Travel Survey, 2013.

## Alignment w/ State Goals



### Let's Get Healthy California Task Force Final Report

December 19, 2012



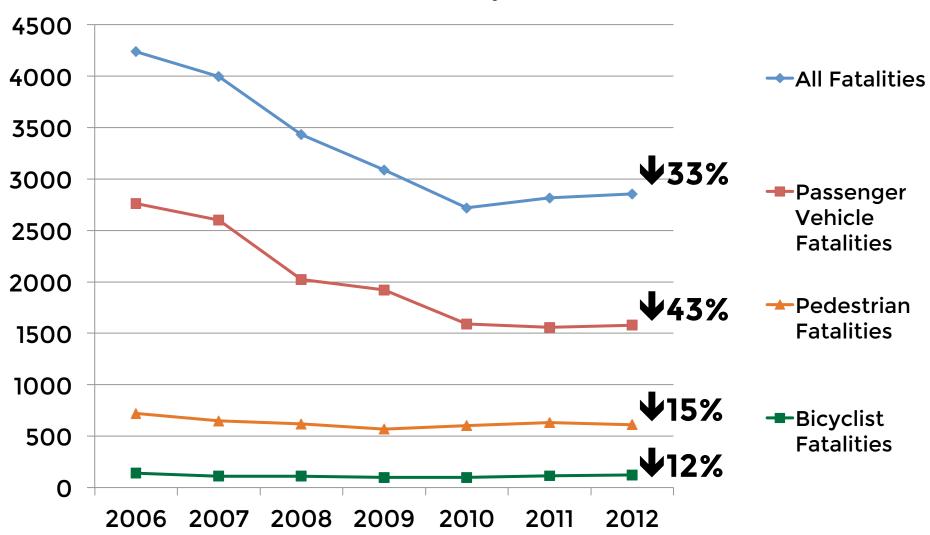
## Safety

### By 2016:

- a) California adopts Vision Zero policy to eliminate all traffic fatalities within 10 years;b) California establishes State Vision Zero Task Force;
- By 2020:
- c) At least 10 communities adopt local Vision Zero policies to eliminate all traffic fatalities within 10 years;

### Pedestrians At Greater Risk

#### California Traffic Fatality Trends (2006-2012)



Source: Grembek, Offer. "Pedestrian Safety Improvement Program," Presentation. California Pedestrian Advisory Committee, 20 Feb 2014.

## Adopted Vision Zero Policies

San Francisco



-San José



Los Angeles



Eliminate traffic fatalities in Los Angeles by 2025.

-San Mateo



## Vision Zero Campaigns

Sacramento



-San Diego











- Santa Barbara





San Francisco





-San José





Los Angeles





## Safety

#### By 2020:

- d) Update design & enforcement standards to establish speeds safe for people walking; and
- e) Incorporate mobility education throughout California's school curriculum.

### Investment

### By 2020:

- a) Triple funding of the Active Transportation Program;
- b) Increase investments in walking infrastructure;
- c) Increase investments in safety education & enforcement; and
- d) Increase regional transportation investments in walking infrastructure & programs.

## Investment Opportunities

- Dedicated Investments from:
  - Active Transportation Program
  - Regional Transportation Plans /
     Sustainable Communities Strategies
  - Strategic Highway Safety Plan (SHSP)
  - Office of Traffic Safety (OTS), Sec. 402 Funds
- Integrating Pedestrian Safety & Complete Streets
  - SHOPP, HSIP, STIP
  - Greenhouse Gas Reduction Fund Programs
  - Local Capital Improvement Programs (CIP)

## 2015 ATP Campaign

# Over 120 organizations and nearly 700 individuals have signed on to date



#### Expand the Active Transportation Program to Meet Climate Goals by Creating Healthy Vibrant Communities

#### The Opportunity

Despite minimal state investments --less than 2% of the transportation budget--, nearly 1 in 5 trips in California are now on foot or by bike. The State has a tremendous opportunity to again double walking and bicycling trips by 2030 by making strategic investments to shift car trips that are less than one mile, which account for an additional one-fifth of all trips. This would reduce congestion, carbon emissions, and poor air quality in our neighborhoods, and ulmately contribute to achieving our state climate goals. Walking and bicycling improvements are the most cost-effective projects for reducing greenhouse gas emissions: Shifting trips under one mile from driving to active transportation would avoid approximately 1.3 million tons of greenhouse gas emissions.

Moreover, increased active transportation investments help the state achieve AB 32 co-benefits by providing healthy, safe, and connected transportation choices for all Californians. Investing through the state Active Transportation Program would prioritize low-income communities and communities of color who disproportionately suffer from traffic violence, inadequate infrastructure, and lack of access to green or open space. Low-income communities of color in Los Angeles County, for example, lack safe sidewalks and bikeways and green space, with less than 2 acres of park land per 1000 residents." Without this critical infrastructure, LA County residents experience a 39 percent rate of walking and bicycling roadway fatalities", and a high childhood obesity rate of 23 percent. By pairing green infrastructure with active transportation, the state can maximize its climate change investments: improving the quality of the community environment, improving public health through increased active transportation and recreation opportunities, and providing significant heat mitigation, air quality, and carbon sequestration benefits.

Despite the overwhelming opportunity presented by active transportation, the state Active Transportation Program (ATP) is critically underfunded and under-resourced, with <u>nearly \$800 million in shovel-ready</u> walking, bicycling and Safe Routes to School projects and programs left unfunded in last year's ATP Cycle.

#### bit.ly/IncreaseATP

### 3 Key Asks

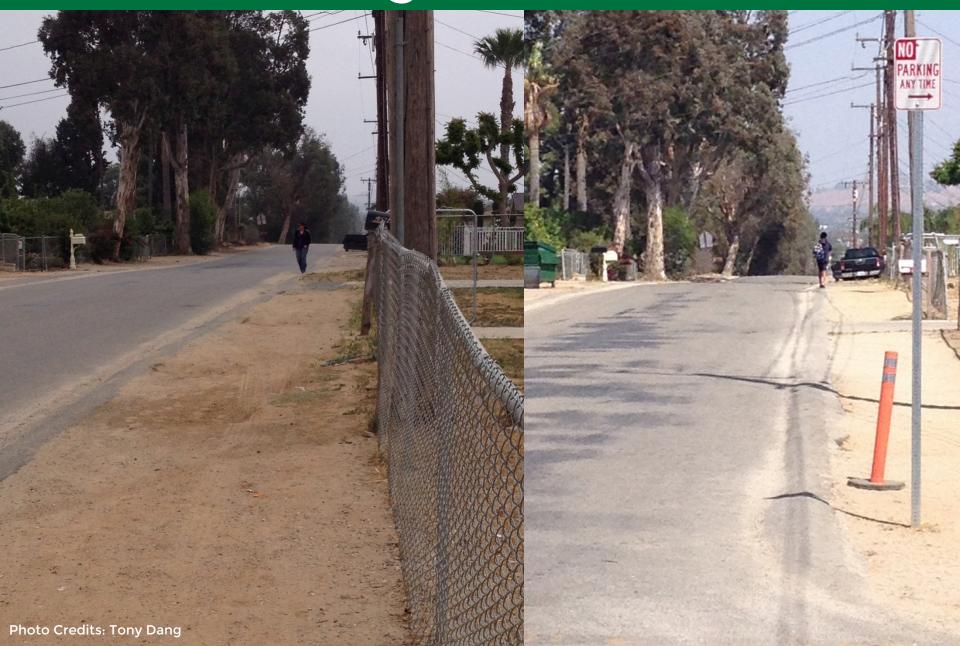
- Increase ATP by \$100 million
- Integrate green infrastructure to maximize GHG reductions and health/equity co-benefits
- Ensure substantial ATP investments in meaningful benefits to disadvantaged communities

## Equity

### By 2020:

a) Invest at least 50% of each Active Transportation Program cycle in disadvantaged communities;

## Disadvantaged Communities

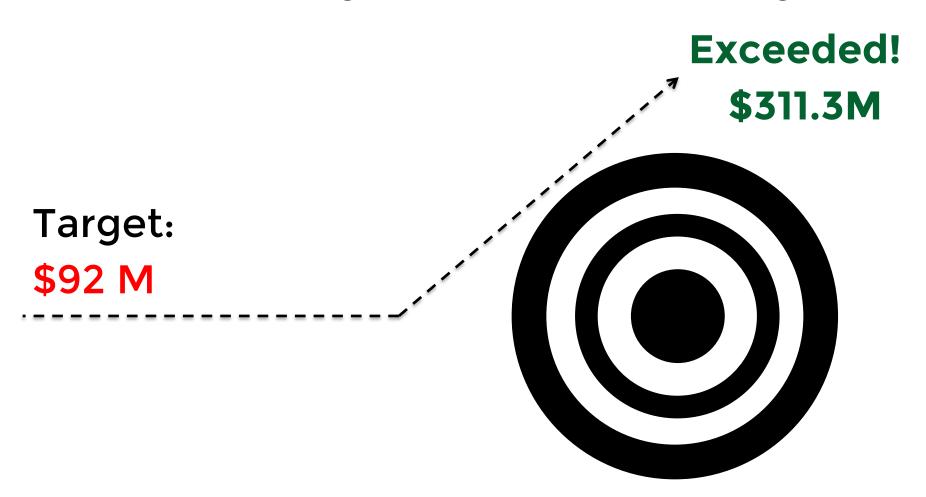


## Disadvantaged Communities



## ATP Cycle 1

Disadvantaged Communities Target



## Equity

### By 2020:

- b) Reduce pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries in low-income communities and communities of color by 50%;
- c) Reduce child and senior pedestrian fatalities and serious injuries by 50%;

## **Equity & Pedestrian Safety**

Census Tract Poverty Rate	2008-12 Deaths Per 100K
≤ 5%	3.8
>5-10%	5.5
>10-15%	7
>15-20%	8.3
>20-25%	9.9
>25-30%	11.2
>30%	12.6

Census Tract Per Capita Income	2008-12 Deaths Per 100K
High Income (\$31,356+)	5
Middle Income (\$21-559-\$31,355)	6.5
Low Income (Less than \$21,559)	10.4

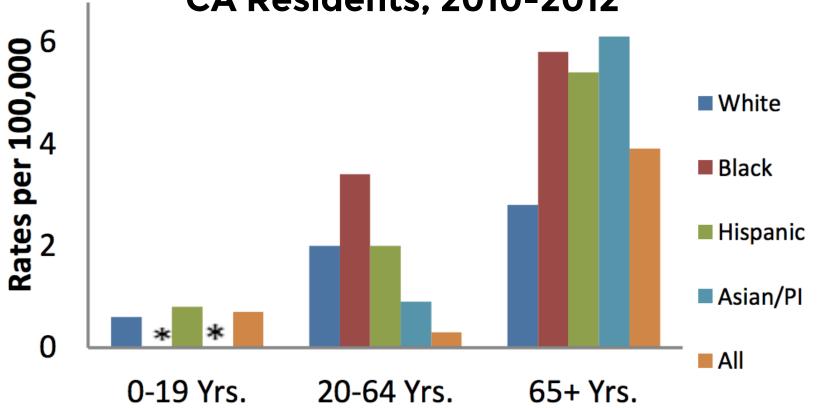
Source: "Pedestrian Deaths in Poorer Neighborhoods Report," Governing, August 2014. Available at

www.governing.com/gov-data/pedestrian-deaths-poor-neighborhoods-report.html

## **Vulnerable Populations**

Fatal Pedestrian Injury Rates (by Race/Ethnicity & Age Group)

CA Residents, 2010-2012



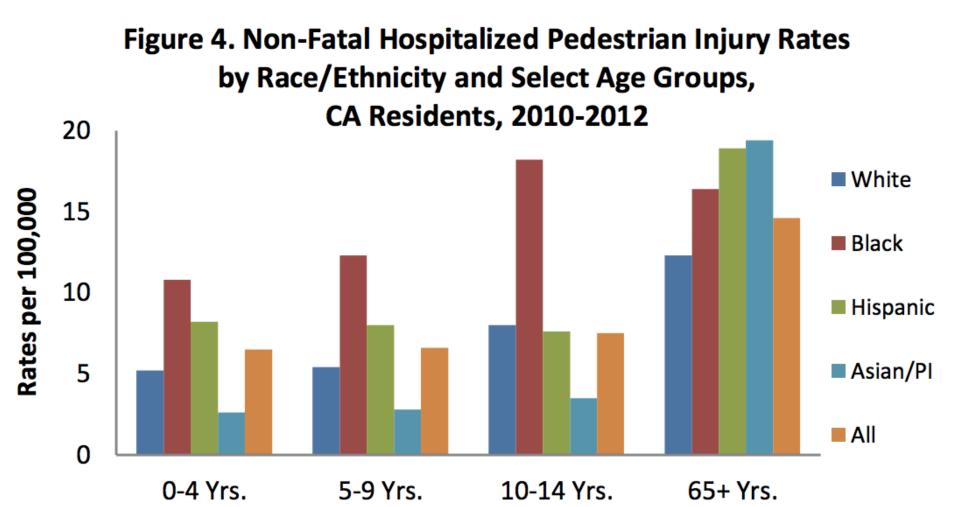
Source: CA Department of Public Health. Death Records

\*Rates not calulated for fewer that 20 deaths.

Source: California Department of Public Health, *Pedestrian Injuries in California: Age and Race Difference*, Crash Medical Outcomes Data Project, September 2014. Available at

http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/Documents/California%20Pedestrian%20Injuries\_Age%20and%20Race%20Differences. 11.12.14.pdf

## Vulnerable Populations



Source: CA Office of Statewide Planning and Development, Patient Discharge Data

Source: California Department of Public Health, *Pedestrian Injuries in California: Age and Race Difference*, Crash Medical Outcomes Data Project, September 2014. Available at

http://www.cdph.ca.gov/programs/Documents/California%20Pedestrian%20Injuries\_Age%20and%20Race%20Differences. 11.12.14.pdf

## Equity

### By 2020:

d) Retain diversity of communities as they become more walkable.

## **Moving Forward**

- Cal Walks Board Retreat May 22 to Develop Further Implementation Steps
- Cal Walks to Roll Out Framework Action Teams to Coordinate Actions on Each Goal Area
- Continued Collaboration w/
   Agencies & Partners Across State



## Questions?

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